according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Canada and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : REXADE™ A Herbicide Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer : CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE CANADA COMPANY

SUITE 240, 115 QUARRY PARK RD. SE

CALGARY AB, T2C 5G9

CANADA

Customer Information

Number

: 800-667-3852

E-mail address : solutions@corteva.com

Emergency telephone

number

Corteva Canada Solutions

1-800-667-3852

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : End use herbicide product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Eye irritation : Category 2A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.

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Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

| Chemical name | Common Name/Synonym | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------|-----------------------|
| Substituted Quinoline Derivative** | Substituted Quinoline Derivative | ** | 31.86 |
| pyroxsulam (ISO) | pyroxsulam (ISO) | 422556-08-9 | 15 |
| Halauxifen-methyl | Halauxifen-me- thyl | 943831-98-9 | 5.21 |
| Sodium lignosulfonate | Sodium ligno- sulfonate | 8061-51-6 | >= 10 - < 20 * |
| citric acid | citric acid | 77-92-9 | >= 3 - < 10 * |
| Kaolin | Kaolin | 1332-58-7 | >= 3 - < 10 * |
| Sodium N-methyl-N- oleoyltaurine | Sodium N-me- thyl-N-oleoyltau- rine | 137-20-2 | >= 1 - < 3 * |
| Quartz | Quartz | 14808-60-7 | >= 0.1 - < 0.3 * |
| Balance | Balance | Not Assigned | > 3 |

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

In case of eye contact : Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control cen-

ter or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in

work area.

If swallowed : No emergency medical treatment necessary.

None known.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

^{**} See Section 15 for HMIRA information.

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Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

None known.

Unsuitable extinguishing me-

dia

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Hazardous combustion products

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen chloride gas

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages can-

not be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers,underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the appli-

cation area.

Do not get in eyes.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information,

refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in a closed container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of ex- posure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|------------------|-------------|--|--|-----------|
| pyroxsulam (ISO) | 422556-08-9 | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Dow IHG |
| Kaolin | 1332-58-7 | TWA (Respirable) | 2 mg/m3 | CA AB OEL |
| | | TWA (Respirable) | 2 mg/m3 | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWAEV (respirable dust) | 2 mg/m3 | CA QC OEL |
| | | TWA (Respirable particulate matter) | 2 mg/m3 | ACGIH |

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| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | TWA (Respirable particulates) | 0.025 mg/m3 | CA AB OEL |
|--------|------------|--|-------------------------|-----------|
| | | TWA (Res- pirable frac- tion) | 0.1 mg/m3 | CA ON OEL |
| | | TWAEV (respirable dust) | 0.1 mg/m3 | CA QC OEL |
| | | TWA (Res- pirable) | 0.025 mg/m3 (Silica) | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWA (Respirable particulate matter) | 0.025 mg/m3 (Silica) | ACGIH |

Engineering measures : Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below ex-

posure limit requirements or guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some opera-

tions.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use an approved respirator.

Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne

concentration of the material.

For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pres-

sure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of

preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided

by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Use chemical goggles.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Granules

Colour : Tan Odour : Mild

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Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 4.44 (23.9 °C)

Method: pH Electrode

Melting point/range : No data available

Freezing point Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : Not applicable

Flash point : Method: closed cup

Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : No

Flammability (liquids) : Not expected to be a static-accumulating flammable liquid.

Self-ignition : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Not applicable

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Bulk density : 202 g/L (23.4 °C)

Method: Loose Volumetric

320 g/L (23.4 °C)

Method: Tapped Volumetric

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

: No data available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : No

Oxidizing properties : No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known. None known.

Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Strong acids

Strong bases Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : Decomposition

i azardous decompo

products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply

and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen chloride gas

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.50 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

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Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.42 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Halauxifen-methyl:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 10,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

LD50 (Rat): 3,000 - 12,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Kaolin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Result : No skin irritation

Components:

citric acid:

Result : No skin irritation

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Quartz:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Result : Eye irritation

Components:

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Result : Eye irritation

citric acid:

Result : Eye irritation

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

Quartz:

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Assessment : Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Species : Mouse

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

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pyroxsulam (ISO):

Test Type Local lymph node assay

Species Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Remarks Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

Remarks For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Remarks Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Species Guinea pig

Assessment Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Germ cell mutagenicity - As- : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity - As-In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

sessment toxicity studies were negative.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Germ cell mutagenicity - As-In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Germ cell mutagenicity - As-In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment citric acid:

Germ cell mutagenicity - As-In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

sessment toxicity studies were negative.

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Germ cell mutagenicity - As- : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment

Quartz:

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases Germ cell mutagenicity - As-

and positive in other cases. sessment

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Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: For similar active ingredient(s)., Did not cause cancer in labor-

atory animals.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

There was equivocal evidence of carcinogenic activity in long-

term bioassays. These effects are not believed to be relevant

to humans.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., Did not cause

cancer in laboratory animals.

citric acid:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Kaolin:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Quartz:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Human carcinogen.

Has caused cancer in humans., Has caused cancer in labora-

tory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

For similar active ingredient(s)., Did not cause birth defects or

any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., In animal studies,

did not interfere with reproduction.

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory

animals.

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citric acid:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Screening studies suggest that this material does not affect

reproduction.

Quartz:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

citric acid:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Kaolin:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Quartz:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.

Components:

Quartz:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target or-

gan toxicant, single exposure.

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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney. Liver. Thyroid.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

citric acid:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Kaolin:

Remarks : Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may cause

silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs.

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Quartz:

Remarks : In humans, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney.

Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may cause silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

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Halauxifen-methyl:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

citric acid:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Kaolin:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Quartz:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 26.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 68.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 < 0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

ErC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.020 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d Method: OECD 221.

NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.0049 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d Method: OECD 221.

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

: LC50 (Eisenia andrei (red worm)): > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

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Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 208.9 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)): > 120

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Oyster shell (Crassostrea virginica)): > 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Mysid shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 66.5

mq/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 12.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 23.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.143 mg/l

Exposure time: 33 d

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2250

mg/kg bodyweight.

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 87.0 mg/l

> Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Lemna minor (duckweed)): 0.00257 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD 221.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 3.2 - 10.1

mg/l

End point: survival Exposure time: 40 d

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10.4 mg/l

End point: survival Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: static test

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 10,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5000 mg/kg

diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2000 mg/kg

bodyweight.

oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 107.4 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Halauxifen-methyl:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)): 2.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 3.22 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.12 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

rest Type, static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.0

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.000393 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: 1,000

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.259 mg/l

End point: Other

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)):

0.00272 mg/l

Exposure time: 36 d

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.484 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

1,000

EC50 (activated sludge): > 981 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 d

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d End point: mortality

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg)., Material is practically non-toxic to

birds on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).

dietary LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,620

maa

Exposure time: 5 d Method: Other guidelines

dietary LC50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620

ppm

Exposure time: 5 d Method: Other guidelines

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2250

mg/kg bodyweight. End point: mortality

contact LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 98.1 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 108 μg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Toxicity to fish Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organ-

isms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in

the most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 615 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Remarks: For this family of materials:

citric acid:

Toxicity to fish Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organ-

isms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in

the most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,516 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 440 - 760 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: Static

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1.32 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5.76 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 197 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Quartz:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organ-

isms.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Biodegradability : aerobic

Biodegradation: 20 - 30 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Halauxifen-methyl:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Halauxifen.

Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegrada-

bility.

Biodegradation: 7.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310 or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in

the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready bi-

odegradability.

Biodegradation: < 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 1.089E-10 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

citric acid:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is expected to be readily biodegradable.

Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% minerali-

zation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

aerobic

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

aerobic

Biodegradation: 98 % Exposure time: 7 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 80 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for

ready biodegradability.

Quartz:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

log Pow: 2.12 Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

:

log Pow: -1.01 Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Halauxifen-methyl:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 233

Exposure time: 42 d Temperature: 21.8 °C Concentration: 0.00194 mg/l

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

: log Pow: 3.76

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF be-

tween 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.2

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Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

log Pow: -3.45 Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

citric acid:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.01

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

log Pow: -1.72 (20 °C) Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

Pow: 1.36 (20 °C)

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Quartz:

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

Remarks: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applica-

ble.

Balance:

Partition coefficient: n-oc-

tanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Distribution among environ-

Koc: 206

mental compartments Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between

150 and 500).

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: <= 42

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Halauxifen-methyl:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Koc: 5684

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Distribution among environmental compartments Koc: > 99999

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

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citric acid:

Distribution among environmental compartments Remarks: No relevant data found.

Quartz:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Balance:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Other adverse effects

Components:

Substituted Quinoline Derivative:

Results of PBT and vPvB as- :

sessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Results of PBT and vPvB as- :

sessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Results of PBT and vPvB as-

sessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Results of PBT and vPvB as- :

sessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

citric acid:

Results of PBT and vPvB as- :

sessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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Kaolin:

Results of PBT and vPvB as- :

sessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyltaurine:

Results of PBT and vPvB as-

sessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Quartz:

Results of PBT and vPvB as- :

sessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Balance:

Results of PBT and vPvB as- :

sessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regu-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applica-

ble regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

Class :

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 956

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

956

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Marine pollutant : yes(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

Remarks : Stowage category A

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

TDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
ERG Code : 171

Marine pollutant : yes(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

Further information

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

For Canadian Ground transportation TDG Exemption: 1.45.1 Marine Pollutants (Part 3, Documentation, and Part 4, Dangerous Goods Safety Marks, do not apply if they are in transport solely on land by road vehicle or railway vehicle).

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL This product contains components that are not listed on the

Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) Registration Number : 32520

Read the PCPA label, authorized under the Pest Control Products Act, prior to using or handling this pest control product.

This chemical is a pest control product registered by Health Canada Pest Management Regulatory Agency and is subject to certain labelling requirements under the Pest Control Products Act (PCPA). There are Canada-specific environmental requirements for handling, use, and disposal of this pest control product that are indicated on the label. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for GHS-consistent safety data sheets. Following is the hazard information required on the pest control products label:

PCPA Label Hazard Communications:

Read the label and booklet before using. Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION EYE IRRITANT

This product is toxic to: Aquatic organisms

Non-target terrestrial plants

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA ON OEL Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under

the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

CA QC OEL Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and

safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for

airborne contaminants

Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline Dow IHG ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average CA AB OEL / TWA 8-hour Occupational exposure limit 8-hour time weighted average CA BC OEL / TWA CA ON OEL / TWA Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)

CA QC OEL / TWAEV Time-weighted average exposure value

Dow IHG / TWA Time Weighted Average (TWA):

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - not otherwise specified; NOEC - Non-Observed Effective Concentration; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations.

DSL - Domestic substances List. WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

Revision Date : 01/03/2024 Date format : mm/dd/yyyy

Product code: GF-3339

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / 6N